

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Specially Products, Inc.	
1. PRODUCT AND	COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
Product Identifier:	Lewco Super Mat with Silicone Top Coating
Product Use Description:	Polymer coated fiberglass mat/blanket for insulation materials
Manufacturer/Distributor:	Lewco Specialty Products, Inc.
	6859 Renoir Avenue
	Baton Rouge, LA 70806 (800) 221-6414 TX & AR (800) 233-9755
Telephone:	(800) 221-6414 TX & AR (800) 233-9755 (225) 924-3221 Fax (225) 927-2918
Emergency Telephone:	Not available
Emergency receptione.	
2. HAZARDS IDENT	TFICATION
GHS hazard classification	
Health hazards:	Respiratory or skin sensitization, 1 Skin
Physical hazards:	Not classified
Environmental:	Not classified
GHS lab elements	
Signal words:	Warning
Hazard statements:	H315, Causes skin irritation
	H335, May cause respiratory irritation
Hazard pictograms/symbols	Not applicable
Precautionary statements	P264, Washthoroughly after handling.
(Prevention):	P302 + P352, IF ON SKIN-Wash with plenty of soap and water.
(Response):	P312, Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
	P321, Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid on this label).
	P332+313, If skin irritation occurs-Get medical advice/attention.
	P362, Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
	P370+378, In case of fire: Use dry chemical, dry sand, carbon dioxide or
	alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
(Storage):	Not applicable
(Disposal):	P501, Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.
Description of any hazards no	ot Notapplicable
otherwise classified:	

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components	CAS number	% by weight
Fibrous glass	65997-17-3	60-90
Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)	9002-84-0	1-20
Silicone resin	NIA	1-25
Pigment	NIA	1-10
Silica particle	NIA	0-10
(See Section 8 for Exposure Limits)		

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:	Move individual to fresh air. Drink water to clear throat and blow nose to remove fibers. In the case of inhalation of thermally degraded product bring the patient to fresh air. A qualified individual should provide oxygen or artificial respiration if breathing problem appears. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.
Skin Contact:	Wash with mild soap and running water: use a washcloth to help remove dust and fibers. To avoid further irritation do not rub or scratch irritated areas. Rubbing or scratching may force fibers into the skin. In the case of contact with thermally degraded products, flush immediately and continuously with cold water and wash off the material by soap, give attention to flushing skin under nails. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.
Eye Contact:	Flush eyes with flowing water for at least 15 minutes. In the case of contact with thermally degraded products, Remove contact lenses flush immediately and continuously with cold water and have eyes examined by medical personnel. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.
Ingestion:	Drink extra water to assist natural elimination. Seek medical attention if gastrointestinal irritation persists or other symptoms such as nausea, vomiting, or abdominal pain occur.
Most important	Irritation of dusts and fibers may result in inflammation of the upper
symptoms/effects-acute or	respiratory tract (mouth, nose and throat), and itch and temporary
delayed:	mechanical irritation on skin.
Immediate medical care and	Indication for physician: No specific medical precaution necessary.
special treatment needed:	indication for physician. No specific medical precaution necessary.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing equipment:	Water, foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, sand
Flammable Properties:	<u>PTFE:</u> Flash point, not applicable; Ignition temperature, 986-1,022°F (ASTM D 1929); Auto-ignition temperature, 968-1,040 °F (ASTM D 1929)
Specific hazards: Special protective equipment or precautions for firefighters:	Fiberglass are not flammable and incombustible and don't support Combustion. When exposed to temperature above 752 °F, hazardous thermal decomposition products of PTFE might be acid fluorides, fluorinated compo_unds, hydrogen fluoride, and carbon monoxide. Thermal decomposition of <u>silicone</u> may produce an irritating mixture of noxious/toxic smoke and fumes, carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide. Use personal protective equipment. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) for firefighting if necessary. Wear full turnout gear or Level A equipment to protect skin, eyes and respiratory system from contact with HF. Decontaminate personnel and equipment with water wash- down after fire and smoke exposure, as well as after salvage.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASEMEASURES

Personal precautions and protective equipment: Emergency procedures: Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. Just in case of dusty environment avoid contact with the skin and the eyes. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Provide sufficient ventilation.

Environmental precautions:	Textile glass products are ecologically harmless.
Cleanup procedures:	Vacuum clean, sweep or shovel into containers normally used for glass
	waste. Dispose of in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling:	Use adequate safety equipment (gloves, glasses, dust mask) in order to minimize the possible risk of contact with skin, mucous membrane and eyes
Storage:	and decrease irritations and allergies. Keep in manufacturer bag and store in a good ventilated area. Avoid direct sun light and sources of fire and heat.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits	
Component:	Limit/set by
Fibrous Glass	OSHA: TLV-TWA 15 mg/m ³ (total nuisance dust) and 5 mg/m ³ (respirable nuisance dust) NIOSH: REL/TWA-5 mg/m3 (total glass dust), and 3£'cc (respirable fibers).
PTFE	OSHA: PEL,15 mg/m ³ (total dust) and 5mg/m ³ (respirable fraction); TLV-TWA, 10mg/m ³ (inhalable particulate) and 3mg/m ³ (respirable particulate)
Silicone	Not available
Pigment	OSHA: 15 mg/m ³ PEL (total dust)
Silica particle	OSHA: TWA, 2 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)
Engineering controls	
Ventilation:	General dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation should be provided, as necessary to maintain exposures below TWL's limitation
Personal protectiveEquipmen	t
Respiratory Protection:	A properly fitted NIOSH/MHSA approved disposable dust respirator (TC-21C-132) should be used when: the level of dust in the air exceeds permissible exposure limits; or if irritation occurs. Use respiratory protection in accordance with your company's respiratory protection program and OSHA regulations underCPR
Hand Protection:	Wear gloves when handling this product, and wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling materials.
Eye Protection:	Safety glasses, goggles or face shields should be worn whenever materials are being handled.
Protective Clothing:	Wear loose fitting, long sleeved shirt and long pants if irritation is experienced.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance (physical state,	Solid, Silver/Grey
color, etc.):	
Upper/lower flammability or	Not available
explosive limits:	
Odor:	No odor
Vapor pressure:	Not available
Odor threshold:	Not available
Vapor density:	Not available
pH:	Not available

Relative density Specific	1.5-2.5
Gravity (HzO=l):	
Melting point:	> 600 °F for PTFE
Softening point:	Approx. 1500 °F for fibrous glass
Solubility(ies):	Insoluble in water
Initial boiling point and	Not available
boiling range:	
Flash point:	Not available
Evaporation rate:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not available
Partition coefficient(n-	Notavailable
octanol/water):	
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not available
Decomposition temperature:	> 500 °F for silicone
Viscosity:	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability:	Product is stable under normal conditions of use
Conditions to avoid:	Do not overheat. Hazardous decomposition products of PTFE may evolve when heated above 716 $^{\circ}$ F.
Materials to avoid:	PTFE can react with finely divided metal powders such as aluminum, magnesium and with strong oxidizers like fluorine and fluorine chloride to produce fire and/or explosion. Fibrous glass are not compatible with the basin phosphates, hydrofluoric acids, some oxides and hydroxides; especially at elevated temperatures
Hazardous decomposition products:	Heating of PTFE in the temperature range of 716-752 °F releases decomposition products such as hydrogen fluoride (HF) and carbonyl fluoride (COF2).
Possibility of hazardous reactions/reactivity:	Not available

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely routes of exposure:	Textile glass products do not contain hazardous or toxic ingredients
Chronic toxicity/effects from	Not available
short- and long-term	
exposure:	
Acute toxicity:	PTFE: LD50/rat > 11,280 mg/kg (oral); Carbon black: LD50/rat > 5,000 mg/kg (oral)
Carcinogens:	Textile glass products are not carcinogenic. They have a nominal filament diameter of $9\mu m$. The smallest possible filament diameter is $6\mu m$. According to the TRGS 905 (April 1996) fine fiber dust can be carcinogenic only if all following conditions are fulfilled: fiber length> $5\mu m$, diameter < $3\mu m$, ratio of length to diameter >3: I.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Textile glass fiber are made from mineral raw material and do not have essential organic substances. They are not biologically decomposable. Textile glass fiber and PTFE is ecologically harmless.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method

Dispose in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations as a solid non-hazardous waste. This material is not regulated under RCRA hazardous waste regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Textile glass fiber are not materials in sense of hazardous material. Therefore there are no special measures necessary for the transportation and labeling by land, sea or air. Transport in closed vehicles in original packaging to protect from humidity.

15. **REGULATORY INFORMATION**

EPA, RCRA 40 CFR, Part 261, 1990: Non-hazardous SARA Section 311/312 (40 CFR 370) Hazard Categories for silicone: Acute: Yes, Chronic: No, Fire: No, Pressure: No. CERCLA: Not listed SARA Title ill: Exempt by definition PA Right-to-Know: Less than reportable quantity TSCA Inventory: Exempt per scetion 8(a), 710.2(f), and 704.5(a) CA Proposition 65: Insignificant trace quantity MA Right-to-Know: Less than reportable quantity NJ Right-to-Know: Less than reportable quantity

16. **OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared by: Peter Zhou Issue date: 10/3/2017

Disclaimer: Lewco Specialty Products, Inc. makes no warranty of any kind regarding the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Users should independently determine the suitability and completeness of information from all sources for their particular purpose (s). While this data is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate, it should be considered only as a supplement to other information gathered by the user. It is the User's responsibility to assure the proper use and disposal of these materials as well as the safety and health of all personnel who may work with or otherwise come in contact with these materials.

Hazard classification of PTFE: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None as per National Fire Protection Association (NFPA).